BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES FIRST SUPERVISORY DISTRICT OF MONROE COUNTY, NEW YORK BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For Year Ended June 30, 2023



TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page <u>Number</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	4 - 13
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position	15
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	19
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	20
Notes to Financial Statements:	21 - 48
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Changes in BOCES' Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio	49
Schedule of the BOCES' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	50
Schedule of BOCES' Contributions	51
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) And Actual - General Fund	52 - 53
Supplementary Information:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	54
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	55
Analysis of Account A431 - School Districts	56
Schedule of Capital Projects Fund - Project Expenditures and Financing Resources	57
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	58
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	59 - 60



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board Members Board of Cooperative Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Board of Cooperative Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the BOCES' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Board of Cooperative Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County, New York, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Board of Cooperative Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County, New York and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Board of Cooperative Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County, New York's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the BOCES' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the BOCES' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in BOCES' total OPEB liability and related ratio, schedule of the BOCES' proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of BOCES contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-11 and 49-53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Board of Cooperative Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County, New York's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

As described in Note II to the financial statements, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)*. As a result, the beginning net position has been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2023 on our consideration of Board of Cooperative Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County, New York's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Board of Cooperative Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County, New York's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York September 26, 2023

Management Discussion and Analysis Board of Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County Fiscal Year-ended June 30, 2023

This section of the Board of Educational Service First Supervisory District of Monroe County's (the BOCES) annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the BOCES' financial performance during the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the BOCES' financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The year-end surplus distribution to be returned to the Monroe #1 BOCES constituents increased to \$8,153,862 from \$7,455,577. This distribution is 4.33% of the year-end budget; which is within the targeted range for year-end surplus, per our guidelines. Our year-end surplus was primarily generated due to decreased spending across the organization. It is important to note that the year-end distribution would have been larger but the Monroe #1 BOCES funded the previously established Retirement Contribution Reserve Fund. This reserve's purpose is to set aside funds now to offset increases in both the New York State Employee Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers Retirement System (TRS) rates. The reserve was funded with \$2,000,000 per Board of Education resolution allocated as follows \$668,178 (TRS) and \$1,331,822 for ERS.

BOCES total liabilities (what is owed) exceeded its total assets (what is owned) by (\$161,447,599). This is a decrease of \$4,998,272, from the prior year. This decrease is attributable to continued reporting of other postemployment benefits. We report our pension assets and liabilities on the government-wide financial statements and the pension assets, liabilities, deferred pension outflows and inflows decreased \$4,579,870 from the prior year. Additionally, the BOCES continues to make facility improvements and purchase technology and other equipment on behalf of our districts. Capital assets are reported on our government-wide financial statements and increased \$10,784,635 from the prior year.

BOCES governmental funds listed combined fund balances of (\$4,778,868) an increase of \$217,779 when compared to the prior year. This increase is due to a restatement of the prior year's fund balance due to the continued implementation of GASB 87 and the implementation of GASB 96. GASB 87 requires an entity that prepays a lease to remove the revenue and put the calculations in the deferred inflow to amortize it over the life of the asset; which creates an artificial deficit in the General Fund. The BOCES currently has two capital projects in process and is expending funds on them. This resulted in more expense than the prior year.

The Adult Education Program is currently operating with a deficit fund balance of \$213,336. The program experienced a decrease in enrollment. The COVID 19 Pandemic affected Adult Education as enrollment decreased. The BOCES Board of Education approved pausing this program for the 2022-2023 school year due to the decreased enrollment, flat reimbursement rates and increase in expenses; which has resulted in a significant shortfall of funds for several years. Additionally, the Extended School Year Program operated at a deficit of \$4,426. The COVID 19 Pandemic affected student enrollment and staffing. The BOCES personnel will adjust the tuition rates to more accurately reflect costs and monitor staffing ratios to ensure the program is right priced and staffed.

• The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

• Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the BOCES acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the BOCES' budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

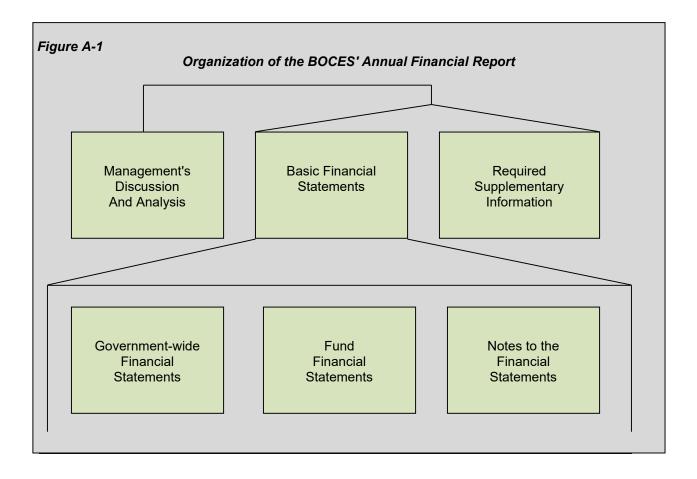


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the BOCES' financial statements, including the portion of the BOCES' activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

iviajor reatures of the do	vernment-wide and Financial S		al Statements
	Comment Mg I		al Statements
	Government-Wide	Government	Fiduciary
_	Statements	Funds	Funds
Scope	Entire BOCES (except	The activities of the	Instances in which the
	fiduciary fund)	BOCES that are not	BOCESA administers
		proprietary or fiduciary	recourse on behalf of
			someone else, such as
			student activities money
Required financial	Statement of net	Balance sheet	Statement of net
statements	position	Statement of	position-fiduciary
	Statement of activities	revenues,	fund
		expenditures, and	 Statement of changes
		changes in fund	in net position-
		balances	fiduciary fund
Accounting basis and	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual	Accrual accounting and
measurement focus	economic resources focus	accounting and current	economic resources focus
		financial focus	
Types of asset/liability	All assets, deferred	Generally assets and	All assets and liabilities,
information	outflows, liabilities, and	deferred outflows	both short-term and long-
	deferred inflows, both	expected to be used up	term, funds do not
	financial and capital short-	and liabilities and	currently contain capital
	term and long-term	deferred inflows that	assets, although they can.
		come due during the year	
		or soon thereafter,	
		generally no capital assets	
		or long term liabilities	
		included	
Type of inflow/outflow	All revenues and	Revenues for which cash is	All additions and
information	expenditures during the	received during or soon	deductions during the
	year, regardless of when	thereafter end of the year,	year, regardless of when
	cash is received or paid	expenditures when goods	cash is received or paid
		or services have been	
		received and the related	
		liability is due and payable	

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the BOCES as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the BOCES' assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenditures are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the BOCES' net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the BOCES' assets and liabilities. To assess the BOCES' overall health, you need to consider non-financial factors such as changes in the BOCES' programs and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the BOCES' activities are shown as governmental activities. Most of the BOCES' basic services are included here, such as regular and special education and administration. Grants and charges to component and non-component units finance these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the BOCES' funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the BOCES as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the BOCES uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law while the BOCES establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).
- The BOCES currently uses the General Fund to track Co-Ser expenditures, the Special Aid Fund to track federal and state grant program revenues and expenditures, the Capital Fund to track capital building projects, the School Lunch Fund to track our school lunch program and the Trust and Agency Fund to track payroll and fiduciary related payments.

The BOCES has two types of funds:

- Governmental Funds: Most of the BOCES' basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally
 focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the
 balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Because this information does not encompass the
 additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information reported on the
 Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position explains the
 relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds: The BOCES is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as student activities funds. The BOCES is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The BOCES excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Analysis of the BOCES as a Whole

The BOCES' "Statement of Net Position" represents a snapshot in time of all that is owned minus all that is owed. Since the BOCES is very limited in the financial resources that can be left over at the end of any given school year, the largest component of the year-ending net assets is a reflection of investment in capital assets less any outstanding debt on those assets. These capital assets, although reflected in the Statement of Net Position, are generally not available for spending, for they are used to provide services to students.

Current assets, those assets available for use in paying liabilities, totaled \$71,502,258 at year's end. Receivables make up the majority of these current assets, primarily the state aid receivable, which will simply be taken in and then distributed to component school districts in the fall. The second largest category of current assets is cash and cash equivalents.

Current liabilities stand at \$ 47,897,893 at the close of the year. Much of this liability is due to component school districts in the form of state aid that once received will be paid to them.

Figure A-3					
Condensed S	Stater	nent of Net Po	sition		
(in the	ousan	ds of dollars)			
					Total
		Governmen	tal Act		Percentage
		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>	<u>Change</u>
ASSETS:		_, _,	_		
Current and Other Assets	\$	71,502	\$	101,626	-29.64%
Capital Assets		60,996		49,860	22.33%
Total Assets	\$	132,498	\$	151,486	-12.53%
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	51,037	\$	66,577	-23.34%
LIABILITIES:			<u>'</u>		
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$	188,034	\$	234,988	-19.98%
Other Liabilities		39,838		35,288	12.89%
Total Liabilities	\$	227,872	\$	270,276	-15.69%
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			'		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	117,111	\$	114,583	2.21%
NET POSITION:			'		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	49,496	\$	40,127	23.35%
Restricted For,					
Unemployment Reserve		431		425	1.41%
Retirement Contribution Reserve		8,154		7,310	11.55%
Teacher Retirement Contribution Reserve		3,079		2,411	27.71%
Accrued Benefit Liability Reserve		1,032		1,034	-0.19%
Capital Reserve		945		814	16.09%
Scholarships		73		87	-16.09%
Unrestricted		(224,658)		(219,004)	2.58%
Total Net Position	\$	(161,448)	\$	(166,796)	-3.21%

Figure A-4 **Changes in Net Position** (in thousands of dollars) Total **Governmental Activities** Percentage 2023 2022 **Variance REVENUES:** Program -\$ \$ 3.73% Charges for Service 181,297 174,775 3.92% Operating Grants & Contributions 4,239 4,079 \$ **Total Program** 185,536 \$ 178,854 3.74% General -\$ \$ **Investment Earnings** 520 3 17233.33% Miscellaneous 68 2,007 0.00% 588 2,010 -70.75% **Total General** \$ \$ **TOTAL REVENUES** 186,124 180,864 2.91% **EXPENSES:** Administration \$ 13,962 \$ 3,640 283.57% Career and Tech Education 11,401 10,237 11.37% Instruction for the Handicapped 69,584 68,663 1.34% **Itinerant Services** 27,070 24,799 9.16% General Information 21.37% 2,755 2,270 **Instructional Support** 17,559 20,275 -13.40% Other Services 37,702 36,186 4.19% 8.97% School Lunch 729 669 Interest 364 232 0.00% \$ 181,126 166,971 **TOTAL EXPENSES** \$ 8.48% **INCREASE (DECREASE)** IN NET POSITION \$ 4,998 \$ 13,893 -64.03%

Figure A-5										
		Ne	t Cos	t of Govern	mental Activitie	S				
			(iı	thousand:	s of dollars)					
Total Cost of Services							N	et Co	st of Service	es
		2023		2022	% Change		<u>2023</u>		2022	% Change
Administration	\$	13,962	\$	3,640	283.57%	\$	2,704	\$	13,989	-80.67%
Career and Tech Education		11,401		10,237	11.37%		(1,468)		(1,084)	35.42%
Instruction for the Handicapped		69,584		68,663	1.34%		(3,391)		(3,170)	6.97%
Itinerant Services		27,070		24,799	9.16%		(1,249)		(469)	166.31%
General Information		2,755		2,270	21.37%		(48)		(15)	220.00%
Instructional Support		17,559		20,275	-13.40%		3,445		2,536	35.84%
Other Services		37,702		36,186	4.19%		4,998		459	988.89%
School Lunch		729		669	8.97%		(217)		(131)	65.65%
Interest		364		232	56.90%		(364)		(232)	56.90%
Total	\$	181,126	\$	166,971	8.48%	\$	4,410	\$	11,883	-62.89%

Financial Analysis of The BOCES Funds

The overall financial performance of Monroe #1 BOCES is represented by the performance of its governmental funds. For the year-ended June 30, 2023, the combined fund balance of all governmental funds was (\$4,778,868), which is less than the previous year's reported combined ending fund balance of (\$4,996,647).

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The general fund original budget figure was \$173,195,054. The final amended general fund budget stood at \$188,046,437. This difference of \$14,851,383 was due primarily to increases in service requests over and above school districts' original requests. The major areas of additional request are in the area of technology equipment for both instructional and administrative purposes.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Current plans for capital improvements do not include any expenditure from borrowed funds. The Monroe #1 BOCES five-year capital asset plan includes repairs and reconstruction projects that will be financed by the yearly capital portion of the administrative budget and an unanimously approved Inter–Municipal Agreement by all ten component school districts.

At the close of the school year-ended June 30, 2023 Monroe #1 BOCES capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, totaled \$60,995,460. This is an increase of \$11,135,166 from the prior year. This increase is attributable to purchase of equipment and capital improvement expenditures in excess of the current year depreciation.

Monroe #1 BOCES is committed to continued monitoring of this equipment and will persist in recording and accounting for the multitude of capital assets that are located in the component districts.

Figure A-6								
Capital Assets and Lease Assets, Net								
(in thousands of dollars)								
		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>				
Capital Assets:								
Land	\$	659	\$	659				
Work in Progress		8,555		11,446				
Buildings and Improvements		30,161		17,473				
Machinery and Equipment		17,131		15,502				
Total Capital Assets	\$	56,506	\$	45,080				
Lease & Subscription IT Assets:								
Buildings	\$	4,164	\$	4,805				
Subscription IT Assets		326		351				
Total Lease & Subscription IT Assets	\$	4,490	\$	5,156				

Long-Term Obligations

At June 30, 2023, the BOCES' long-term obligations consist of installment purchase debt maturing through 2023, pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities. We are experiencing an increase in our components entering into long-term leases for technology purchases.

Figure A-7								
Outstanding Long-Term Debt								
(in thousands of dollars)								
		·						
		2023		<u>2022</u>				
Installment Purchase Debt	\$	6,690	\$	4,199				
Leases		4,427		5,149				
Net Pension Liability		24,234		-				
OPEB		150,204		223,005				
Retainage		383		385				
Compensated Absences		2,096		2,250				
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	188,034	\$	234,988				

Factors Bearing on the BOCES' Future

During the 2022-2023 school year, Monroe #1 BOCES participated in active collective bargaining negotiations with the BOCES Professional Staff Personnel unit. Contracts expire as follows: BOCES United Support Staff June 30, 2026, BOCES United Professionals Association June 30, 2026; BOCES Paraprofessionals, June 30, 2024; BOCES Administrative and Supervisory Association contract is in effect through June 30, 2024 and BOCES Professional Staff Personnel, June 30, 2027.

The BOCES Audit Committee was implemented because of the Five Point Plan enacted by the New York State Comptroller in conjunction with the state legislature, as an internal audit function. We will continue to work closely with the internal auditor, external auditor, and internal claims auditor to monitor the BOCES fiscal practices, processes and systems. The Committee has determined that the internal auditor would conduct an annual risk assessment and perform a detailed investigation of a focus area every other year. This focus area would be determined based on the recommendations of the risk assessment. A focus audit of Instructional the Budget Process was conducted in the 2022-2023 school year.

The Monroe #1 BOCES continues its initiative in improving its facilities. The component school districts fund \$2,200,000 annually toward capital improvements of the facilities. We have collaborated with the Board of Education Facilities Committee to strategize ongoing capital improvements.

Additionally, the component school districts, and the Board of Education unanimously approved an Inter Municipal Agreement in the Spring of 2019 for a \$22 million Capital Improvement Project. The 2019-2023 Capital Improvement project consists of renovations, alterations and improvements to the following buildings and facilities located at the BOCES campus on O'Connor Road, Fairport, New York (the "Campus"), including:

- Career and technical classrooms throughout the Campus, including, but not limited to, Cosmetology, Culinary, CISCO, Precision Manufacturing and Welding at Forman Center Building 1, 2, 3 and Forman Center Building 4, 5, 6;
- O' Connor Academy (Foreman Center Building 9, 10) including reconfiguration of the teaching kitchen, gym, mechanical trades and other classroom renovations, exterior work of the building envelope, reconstruction of roofs and site work;
- Masonry reconstruction throughout the Campus;
- Replacement of various finishes, including but not limited to carpeting, painting and ceiling tile;
- Replacement of Roof top HVAC units and heat pumps throughout the campus;
- Replacement of exterior and interior doors throughout the Campus.

The project bids came in lower than expected; therefore, the BOCES approved Phase II in May 2021.

The scope of the 2019-2023 Capital project Phase II consists of renovations, alterations and improvements to the following buildings and facilities located at the BOCES campus on O'Connor Road, Fairport, New York (the "Campus"), including:

- Building 1,2,3 elevator cab replacement;
- Building 1,2,3 replace manual faucets;
- Building 1,2,3, EMCC Entrance veneer upgrade;
- Building 1,2,3, electronic sign at EMCC entrance
- Building 1-2-3 "Red entry" or Visitor Entrance reconfiguration, repaving of driveways, parking areas and sidewalk reconstruction;
- O' Connor Academy (Foreman Center Building 9, 10) exterior work of the building envelope, reconstruction of roofs, site work and replacement of exterior lights;
- O' Connor Academy (Foreman Center Building 9, 10) elevator cab replacement;
- O' Connor Academy (Foreman Center Building 9, 10), air handling unit replacement;

The final cost reports will be submitted in August 2023 for Phase 1 of the \$22 Million Capital Improvement Project.

The Monroe #1 BOCES continues its use of a decentralized budgeting process, involving many more people in the actual administration of the budget. Through training and targeted guidance from the director of budgets, budget analysts, and other finance department staff, program administrators are able to fully understand the components of their budgets, use that knowledge to create their individual program budgets, and then monitor and adjust those budgets as necessary throughout the school year.

The Board of Education created a Management Steering Committee, consisting of two component school district superintendents, three component school district business officials and BOCES administrative personnel. The Committee is discussing and offering counsel in several management areas that directly impact the BOCES financial position. The following are examples of management issues currently being discussed by the committee: Capital Building Needs, Budgeting and Forecasting, and Program Space Requirements. Four additional steering committees (Special Education, Technology, Instruction and CTE) also continue their work on issues that have significant impact on BOCES operations and/or financial position.

Our RIC (Regional Information Center) services include enhanced coordination of technology purchasing for all 19 Monroe County school districts along with providing services for both financial and student management software for those districts. The BOCES will continue to monitor its effectiveness and will adjust where deemed appropriate.

Legislation was passed, allowing BOCES capital projects to be excluded from the Tax Cap calculation for the component districts. Although Monroe #1 BOCES does not have any plans to borrow funds for an upcoming capital project, this legislation is beneficial for both the BOCES and the component districts.

Contacting the BOCES' Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide BOCES' customers and creditors with a general overview of the BOCES' finances and to demonstrate the BOCES' accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Board of Educational Service First Supervisory District of Monroe County, 41 O'Connor Road, Fairport, NY 14450.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from Districts Inventories Prepaid items Capital Assets:	27,417,023 26,523,794 17,256,764 45,521 259,156 659,079 8,555,347 51,781,034
Accounts receivable Due from Districts Inventories Prepaid items	26,523,794 17,256,764 45,521 259,156 659,079 8,555,347
Due from Districts Inventories Prepaid items	17,256,764 45,521 259,156 659,079 8,555,347
Inventories Prepaid items	45,521 259,156 659,079 8,555,347
Prepaid items	259,156 659,079 8,555,347
•	659,079 8,555,347
Capital Assets:	8,555,347
•	8,555,347
Land	
Work in progress	51.781.034
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)	,,
TOTAL ASSETS \$	132,497,718
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflow of resources \$	51,037,297
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable \$	4,738,376
Accrued liabilities	1,370,228
Unearned revenue	137,696
Due to other governments	1,248,656
State aid due to districts	18,977,458
Due to school districts	8,153,862
Due to teachers' retirement system	4,022,415
Due to employees' retirement system	1,189,283
Long-Term Obligations:	
Due in one year	8,059,919
Due in more than one year	179,973,625
TOTAL LIABILITIES \$	227,871,518
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflow of resources \$	117,111,096
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets \$	49,496,029
Restricted For:	
Capital reserve	945,169
Unemployment reserve	431,729
Retirement contribution reserve	8,153,997
Teacher retirement contribution reserve	3,078,878
Accrued benefit liability reserve	1,031,712
Scholarships	72,865
Unrestricted	(224,657,978)
TOTAL NET POSITION \$	(161,447,599)

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position For Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Program	Reve	nues]	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
					(Operating		_
			(Charges for		rants and	G	Sovernmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		<u>Services</u>	<u>Co</u>	<u>ntributions</u>		Activities
Primary Government -								
Administration	\$	13,962,495	\$	16,667,040	\$	-	\$	2,704,545
Career & tech education		11,401,055		9,591,313		341,522		(1,468,220)
Instruction for the handicapped		69,584,405		63,836,723		2,356,783		(3,390,899)
Itinerant services		27,069,598		25,821,001		-		(1,248,597)
General instruction		2,754,866		2,706,669		-		(48,197)
Instructional support		17,558,597		20,566,463		436,783		3,444,649
Other services		37,702,524		42,059,507		640,819		4,997,802
School lunch		729,137		48,559		463,720		(216,858)
Interest		363,774		-		-		(363,774)
Total Primary Government	\$	181,126,451	\$	181,297,275	\$	4,239,627	\$	4,410,451
	Genera	al Revenues:						
	Inte	rest and Earnings					\$	519,850
	Mise	cellaneous						67,971
	To	otal General Rev	enue	S			\$	587,821
Changes in Net Position								4,998,272
	Net	Position, Beginn	ing o	f Year (restated	.)			(166,445,871)
	Net	Position, End of	Year	•			\$	(161,447,599)

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2023

		Ma	ajor					
		Capital General Projects		-		Nonmajor overnmental	Total Governmental	
ASSETS		<u>Fund</u>		Fund		<u>Funds</u>		<u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,937,111	\$	7,937,810	\$	542,102	\$	27,417,023
Due from other funds		1,570,111		-		-		1,570,111
Receivables		25,497,101		-		1,026,693		26,523,794
Due from Districts		17,256,764		-		-		17,256,764
Inventories		-		-		45,521		45,521
Prepaid items		259,156	_		-			259,156
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	63,520,243	\$	7,937,810	\$	1,614,316	\$	73,072,369
LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS AND Liabilities -	FUND BALANC	E						
Accounts payable	\$	4,173,156	\$	540,386	\$	24,834	\$	4,738,376
Accrued liabilities		3,114,164		-		3,241		3,117,405
Due to other funds		-		-		1,570,111		1,570,111
Due to other governments		1,248,656		-		-		1,248,656
State aid due to districts		18,977,458		-		-		18,977,458
Due to districts		8,153,862		-		-		8,153,862
Due to TRS		4,022,415		-		-		4,022,415
Due to ERS		1,189,283		-		-		1,189,283
Unearned revenues		-		-		137,696		137,696
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	40,878,994	\$	540,386	\$	1,735,882	\$	43,155,262
<u>Deferred Inflows</u> -								
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	34,695,975	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	34,695,975
Fund Balances -								
Nonspendable	\$	259,156	\$	-	\$	34,828	\$	293,984
Restricted		13,714,350		-		-		13,714,350
Assigned		-		7,397,424		61,368		7,458,792
Unassigned		(26,028,232)				(217,762)		(26,245,994)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE TOTAL LIABILITIES,		(12,054,726)	\$	7,397,424	\$	(121,566)	\$	(4,778,868)
DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	63,520,243	\$	7,937,810	\$	1,614,316		
FUND BALANCES		nts reported for						
	Staten Capi not i	nent of Net Posit ital assets/right to financial resource rted in the funds.	ion are use as s and th	e different becausets used in gove	ıse:			60,995,460
	paya	following long-teacher in the current or the government of the government of the government of the second or the s	period	and therefore ar				
		Leases						(4,426,834)
		Retainage Payab	le					(383,097)
		OPEB						(150,204,318)
		Compensated Ab	sences					(348,647)
		Installment Purch						(6,689,500)
		Deferred Outflov		1	ì			33,720,486
		Deferred Outflov	v of Re	sources - OPEB				17,316,811
		Net Pension Liab	•					(24,233,971)
		Deferred Inflow		_				(3,626,768)
		Deferred Inflow						(78,788,353)
	Net Po	osition of Govern	ımenta	l Activities			\$	(161,447,599)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Major							
		General Fund	_	Capital Projects Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	70,320	\$	-	\$	57,163	\$	127,483
Charges to components		125,189,457		-		2,186,920		127,376,377
Chargest to non-components and other BOCES		57,642,483		-		2,168,021		59,810,504
Interest and earnings		305,577		208,000		-		513,577
Sale of property and compensation for loss		57,649		-		-		57,649
Miscellaneous		1,913,174		-		68,630		1,981,804
Interfund revenues		52,921		11,800,000		184,437		12,037,358
Sales (school lunch)		-		-		44,399		44,399
State sources		-		-		3,438,645		3,438,645
Federal sources		-		-		800,982		800,982
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	185,231,581	\$	12,008,000	\$	8,949,197	\$	206,188,778
EXPENDITURES								
Administration	\$	15,092,729	\$	_	\$	_	\$	15,092,729
Career and tech education		9,575,648		-		387,008		9,962,656
Instruction for the handicapped		59,421,319		-		6,443,238		65,864,557
Itinerant services		25,811,261		_		_		25,811,261
General instruction		2,706,348		_		_		2,706,348
Instructional support		16,763,345		_		441,637		17,204,982
Other services		42,417,650		-		676,659		43,094,309
Cost of sales		-		-		183,750		183,750
Other expenses		-		-		512,281		512,281
Capital outlay		_		20,340,401		-		20,340,401
Debt service principal		7,811,282		-		246,299		8,057,581
Debt service interest		348,439		-		15,335		363,774
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	179,948,021	\$	20,340,401	\$	8,906,207	\$	209,194,629
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	5,283,560	\$	(8,332,401)	\$	42,990	\$	(3,005,851)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from obligations	\$			9,825,452	\$		\$	9,825,452
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$		\$	9,825,452	\$	-	\$	9,825,452
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER								
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	5,283,560	\$	1,493,051	\$	42,990	\$	6,819,601
OTHER CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE		.= .						
Surplus to be distributed		(8,153,862)		-		-		(8,153,862)
Net change in nonspendable fund balance		(22,798)		-		-		(22,798)
Net unemployment reserve transactions		6,139		-		-		6,139
Net capital reserve transactions		131,892		-		-		131,892
Net retirement contribution reserve transactions		843,636		-		-		843,636
Net teacher's retirement reserve transactions		668,178		-		-		668,178
Net change in employee accrued benefit liability reserve		(1,855)		-		-		(1,855)
Net change in other restricted fund balance		(14,129)		-		-		(14,129)
Net assigned fund balance change		(59,023)		-		-		(59,023)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		(10,736,464)		5,904,373		(164,556)		(4,996,647)
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	(12,054,726)	\$	7,397,424	\$	(121,566)	\$	(4,778,868)

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities

For Year Ended June 30, 2023

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ 217,779

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess of depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$ 20,340,401
Additions to Assets, Net	(1,771,928)
Depreciation and amortization	(7,783,838)

10,784,635

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments	\$ 8,057,581
Proceeds from installment purchase debt	(8,574,298)
Proceeds from lease transactions	(1,251,154)

(1,767,871)

The retainage liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

1,816

The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

282,760

(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System (922,147) Employees' Retirement System (3,657,723)

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences

59,023

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

4,998,272

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2023

	Custodial	
		Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,344
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	13,344
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	13,344
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	13,344

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Cı	ıstodial
		Funds
ADDITIONS		
Extraclass Misc Revenue	\$	24,545
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	24,545
DEDUCTIONS		
Extraclass	\$	24,074
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$	24,074
Change in net position	\$	471
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		12,873
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	13,344

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the Board of Cooperative Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County, New York (the BOCES) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the BOCES accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Board of Cooperative Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County is governed by the laws of New York State. The BOCES is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the BOCES. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the BOCES is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Boards of Cooperative Educational Services were established by New York State legislation in 1948 to enable smaller school districts to offer more breadth in their educational programs by sharing teachers. In 1955, Legislation was passed allowing BOCES to provide vocational and special education. A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs to provide educational and support activities more economically, efficiently and equitably than could be provided locally. BOCES provides instructional and support programs and services to the following nine school districts:

Brighton Penfield
East Irondequoit Pittsford
East Rochester Union Free Rush-Henrietta
Fairport Webster

Honeoye Falls-Lima West Irondequoit

BOCES programs and services include special education, vocational education, academic and alternative programs, summer schools, staff development, computer services (management and instructional), educational communication and cooperative purchasing.

The BOCES is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the BOCES' reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the BOCES' reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the BOCES represent funds of the students of the BOCES. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the BOCES with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. The cash and investment balances are reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Fund of the BOCES. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the BOCES' business office.

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. **BOCES-wide Statements**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the BOCES' governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through state aid, sale of property and equipment, investment revenues and other miscellaneous revenues which consist primarily of refunds from other Districts. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the BOCES' governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the BOCES' funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The BOCES reports the following funds:

a. Major Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the BOCES' primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - Used to account for the financial resources to be used for acquisition, construction, or renovation of capital facilities.

b. <u>Nonmajor Governmental</u> - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the BOCES' lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

c. <u>Fiduciary</u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the BOCES acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the BOCES-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the BOCES, and are not available to be used.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the BOCES as agent for various extraclassroom activity funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The BOCES-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the BOCES gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The BOCES considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

D. <u>Restricted Resources</u>

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the BOCES' policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

E. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the BOCES include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The BOCES typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the BOCES-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the BOCES' practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VIII for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables and payables.

F. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The BOCES' cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the BOCES' investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

H. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, which has been provided for certain amounts that may not be collectible.

In addition, the BOCES will report a receivable relating to a lease arrangement. The receivable is recorded at the present value of the future payments and recognized over the life of the lease.

I Inventory and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the BOCES for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

J. <u>Capital Assets</u>

In the BOCES-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$1,500 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

	Cap	italization	Depreciation	Estimated
<u>Class</u>	<u>Tł</u>	<u>reshold</u>	Method	Useful Life
Buildings	\$	50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	1,500	SL	5-25 Years
Vehicles	\$	1,500	SL	5-25 Years
Technology Equipment	\$	1,500	SL	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

K. Right To Use Assets

The BOCES-wide financial statements, right-to-use-assets are reported within the major class of the underlying asset and valued at the future minimum lease payment. Amortization is between 3 and 10 years based on the contract terms and/or estimated replacement of the assets.

L. Unearned Revenue

The BOCES reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the BOCES before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the BOCES has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

M. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

In the governmental funds deferred inflows are recognized for prepayments for the right to use BOCES assets which will be amortized over the estimate use of those assets.

N. <u>Vested Employee Benefits</u>

1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Sick leave is based on last-in-first-out (LIFO) basis. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment or a credit to be used towards health insurance based on unused accumulated sick leave. These payments are budgeted annually without accrual

The BOCES employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the BOCES-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the governmental funds statements only the amount of matured vacation time is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis. Due to the nature of BOCES services and related employment of BOCES employees, compensated absence liability has been reported as a current liability in the governmental funds statement.

O. Other Benefits

BOCES employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the BOCES provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the BOCES' employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the BOCES. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the BOCES and the retired employee. The BOCES recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

P. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the BOCES-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the BOCES' future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

Q. Equity Classifications

1. BOCES-Wide Statements

In the BOCES-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- **a.** <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- **b.** Restricted Net Position reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **c.** <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications. The reported deficit of \$224,657,978 at year end is the result of full implementation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations and the New York State Pension system unfunded pension obligation.

2. Fund Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

a. Nonspendable Fund Balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balances – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The BOCES has established the following restricted fund balances:

<u>Career Education Instructional Equipment Reserve Fund</u> - as allowed under Education Law Section 1950(4)(ee), used to purchase only technologically advanced equipment to be used for instruction in State-Approved CTE sequences, courses or curricula. Funding amounts not to exceed the greater of 20% of the BOCES current year CTE services budget, or \$500,000 may be retained in this fund at the end of each school year for future expenditures, provided that the total amount retained does not exceed \$2,000,000. The reserve increased \$131,892 during the year, and the balance at June 30, 2023, is \$945,169. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u> - as allowed by General Municipal Law Section 6-m, is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the BOCES elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

<u>Retirement Contribution Reserve</u> - as allowed by General Municipal Law Section 6-r, is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds, and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - as allowed by General Municipal Law Section 6-p, is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Scholarship Reserve - represents funds to be used for student scholarships.

<u>Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and the School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	Total		
General Fund -			
Unemployment	\$	431,729	
Retirement Contribution		8,153,997	
Reserve for TRS		3,078,878	
Career Education Instructional			
Equipment Reserve		945,169	
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability		1,031,712	
Scholarships		72,865	
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$	13,714,350	

- **c.** <u>Committed</u> Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board. The BOCES has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2023.
- **d.** Assigned Fund Balance Includes amounts that are constrained by the BOCES' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the BOCES' purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year end. The BOCES assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be \$210,250 and \$19,000 in the Capital Projects Fund. The BOCES reports the following significant encumbrances:

General Fund -	
Other services	\$ 1,350,129
Capital Projects Fund -	
Capital Outlay	\$ 3,093,462

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	Total
Capital Projects Fund - Year End Equity	\$ 7,397,424
School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity	61,368
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 7,458,792

e. <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> —Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the BOCES. The deficit unassigned fund balance in the general fund is a result of the BOCES recognizing the prepayment of the right to use BOCES assets as a deferred inflow of resources which will be amortized over the estimated use of that assets.

The unassigned fund balances are as follows:

General Fund

Encumbrances	\$ 1,350,129
E-RATE	472,863
Employee Benefits	348,647
Deferred Inflows	 (28,199,871)
Total General Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ (26,028,232)
Special Aid Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ (217,762)

3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

Sometimes the BOCES will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the BOCES' policy that the BOCES's Board will assess the current financial condition of the BOCES and then determine the order of application of expenditures to which fund balance classifications will be charged.

R. New Accounting Standards

The BOCES has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2023, the BOCES implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraph 11b.

GASB has issued Statement No. 96, Subscription Based Information Technology.

GASB has issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022 (leases, PPPs, and SBITAs).

S. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 100, Accounting for Changes and Error Corrections-an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB has issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

The BOCES will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

II. Restatement of Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the BOCES implemented GASB Statement 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)*. The BOCES' net position has been restated as follows:

	Government-Wide		
	Statements		
Net position beginning of year, as previously stated Adjustments for GASB 96	\$	(166,796,402)	
Right to use assets		350,531	
Net position beginning of year, as restated	\$	(166,445,871)	

III. Changes in Accounting Principles

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the BOCES implemented GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)*. The implementation of the statement changes the reporting for SBITAs. See Note II for the financial statement impact of implementation of the Statement.

IV. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability:

By its nature as a local government unit, the BOCES is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the BOCES' compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over BOCES resources follows.

A. Budgetary Information

Section 1950 §4(b) of the Education Law required adoption of a final budget by no later than May 15, of the ensuing year.

BOCES administration prepares a proposed administrative, capital and program budget, as applicable, for approval by members of the BOCES board for the general fund.

Appropriations for educational services are adopted at the program level and lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

A tentative administrative budget is provided to the component BOCES for adoption by resolution. Approval of the tentative administrative budget requires the approval of a majority of the component school boards actually voting. During the current year, the administrative budget was approved by a majority of its voting component school boards.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. The Special Revenue Funds have not been included in the budget and actual comparison because they do not have legally authorized (appropriated) budgets.

The BOCES Board can approve budget revisions based upon requests for additional services and surplus revenues.

B. <u>Deficit Fund Balance</u>

1. General Fund

The General Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$12,054,726 as a result of its prepaid lease agreements which have been recognized as deferred inflow of resources and amortized over the life of the agreements.

2. Special Aid Fund

The Special Aid Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$217,762 as a result of operating expenditures exceeding revenues in the Continuing Education and Summer School Programs.

C. <u>Deficit Net Position</u>

The BOCES-wide net position had a deficit at June 30, 2023 of \$161,447,599. The deficit is the result of the implementation of GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", which required the recognition of an unfunded liability of \$150,204,318 at June 30, 2023. Since New York State Laws provide no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit.

V. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Credit risk: In compliance with the State Law, BOCES investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

Concentration of Credit risk: To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, BOCES deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The BOCES' investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

Interest rate risk: The BOCES has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates.

The BOCES aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized within Trust Department or Agent	 8,522,296
Total	\$ 8,522,296

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year end included \$13,714,350 within the governmental funds.

VI. <u>Investment Pool</u>

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

Total investments of the cooperative as of year end are \$18,957,814, which consisted of \$5,666,491 in repurchase agreements, \$1,924,218 in U.S. Treasury Securities, \$10,914,014 in FDIC insured deposits and \$453,091 in collateralized bank deposits, with various interest rates and due dates.

The following amounts are included as unrestricted and restricted cash:

	Bank	Carrying	Type of
Fund	Amount	Amount	Investment
General Fund	\$ 18,957,814	\$ 18,957,814	NY CLASS

VII. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
	·	General	N	Nonmajor		
Description		Fund		Funds		Total
Accounts Receivable	\$	25,250	\$	8,252	\$	33,502
Leases receivable		6,496,104		-		6,496,104
Due From State and Federal		18,977,458		1,018,441		19,995,899
Allowance for Uncollectible						
Accounts		(1,711)		<u>-</u> _		(1,711)
Total Receivables	\$	25,497,101	\$	1,026,693	\$	26,523,794
Leases receivable Due From State and Federal Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	\$ \$	6,496,104 18,977,458 (1,711)	\$ \$	1,018,441	\$ \$	6,496,104 19,995,899 (1,711)

VIII. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund Receivables an Payables at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

		Interfund				
	R	eceivables		Payables		
General Fund	\$	1,570,111	\$	-		
Nonmajor Funds		-		1,570,111		
Total	\$	1,570,111	\$	1,570,111		

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The BOCES typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

IX. Changes In Capital Assets and Lease Assets

A. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

	Balance					Balance		
<u>Type</u>	<u>7/1/22</u>		Additions		Deletions		<u>6/30/23</u>	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -								
Land	\$	659,079	\$	-	\$	-	\$	659,079
Work in progress		11,421,322		10,513,133		13,379,108		8,555,347
Total Nondepreciable	\$	12,080,401	\$	10,513,133	\$	13,379,108	\$	9,214,426
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -		_		_				_
Buildings and Improvements	\$	31,035,271	\$	13,379,108	\$	-	\$	44,414,379
Machinery and equipment		105,272,533		6,675,944		86,442		111,862,035
Total Depreciated Assets	\$	136,307,804	\$	20,055,052	\$	86,442	\$	156,276,414
Less Accumulated Depreciation -								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	13,562,484	\$	691,617	\$	-	\$	14,254,101
Machinery and equipment		89,770,743		5,046,616		86,442		94,730,917
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	103,333,227	\$	5,738,233	\$	86,442	\$	108,985,018
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net		_		_				_
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$	32,974,577	\$	14,316,819	\$		\$	47,291,396
Total Capital Assets	\$	45,054,978	\$	24,829,952	\$	13,379,108	\$	56,505,822

(IX.) (Continued)

B. <u>Lease Assets</u>

A summary of the lease asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

		Balance						Balance
Type	7/1/2022		Additions		Deletions		<u>6/30/2023</u>	
Lease Assets:								
Buildings	\$	14,736,959	\$	1,251,104	\$	-	\$	15,988,063
Less Accumulated Amortization		9,931,643		1,892,488		-		11,824,131
Total Lease Assets, Net	\$	4,805,316	\$	(641,384)	\$	-	\$	4,163,932
Subscription IT assets:								
Subscription IT assets	\$	350,531	\$	128,292	\$	-	\$	478,823
Less Accumulated Amortization		-		153,117		-		153,117
Total Subscription IT Assets, Net	\$	350,531	\$	(24,825)	\$	_	\$	325,706
Total Lease and Subscription								
IT Assets, Net	\$	5,155,847	\$	(666,209)	\$		\$	4,489,638

C. Other capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization:

Total Other Capital Assets, Net	\$ 51,781,034
Amortized Lease Assets, Net	4,489,638
Depreciated Capital Assets, Net	\$ 47,291,396

D. Depreciation/Amortization expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	De	epreciation e	Ar	<u>nortization</u>	Total
Administration	\$	166,409	\$	1,892,488	\$ 2,058,897
Career and Tech Education		1,451,199		-	1,451,199
Instruction for the Handicapped		3,356,866		-	3,356,866
Itinerant Services		240,432		-	240,432
General Instruction		30,413		-	30,413
Instructional Support		217,479		-	217,479
Other Services		275,435		153,117	428,552
Total Depreciation and					
Amortiation Expense	\$	5,738,233	\$	2,045,605	\$ 7,783,838

X. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance			Balance	D	ue Within
Governmental Activities:	7/1/22	Additions	Deletions	6/30/23	<u>(</u>	One Year
Bonds and Notes Payable -						
Installment Purchase Debt	\$ 4,198,916	\$ 8,574,348	\$ 6,083,764	\$ 6,689,500	\$	3,901,342
Leases	 5,149,547	 1,251,104	 1,973,817	4,426,834		2,028,303
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 9,348,463	\$ 9,825,452	\$ 8,057,581	\$ 11,116,334	\$	5,929,645
Other Liabilities -		 	_			
Net Pension Liability	\$ -	\$ 24,233,971	\$ -	\$ 24,233,971	\$	-
OPEB	223,004,745	-	72,800,427	150,204,318		-
Retainage	384,913	-	1,816	383,097		383,097
Compensated Absences	 2,249,994	 	 154,170	2,095,824		1,747,177
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 225,639,652	\$ 24,233,971	\$ 72,956,413	\$ 176,917,210	\$	2,130,274
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 234,988,115	\$ 34,059,423	\$ 81,013,994	\$ 188,033,544	\$	8,059,919

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

	Installment P	Purchase Debt	Leases			
Year	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>		
2024	\$ 3,901,342	\$ 236,741	\$ 2,028,303	\$ 72,670		
2025	1,972,147	98,510	1,985,275	25,738		
2026	559,781	17,584	291,556	6,726		
2027	212,100	3,939	121,700	1,443		
2028	44,130	845				
Total	\$ 6,689,500	\$ 357,619	\$ 4,426,834	\$ 106,577		

XI. <u>Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources</u>

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred	Deferred			
	Outflows	Inflows			
Pension	\$ 33,720,486	\$ 3,626,768			
Leases	-	34,695,975			
OPEB	17,316,811	78,788,353			
Total	\$ 51,037,297	\$ 117,111,096			

XII. Pension Plans

A. General Information

The BOCES participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. Provisions and Administration

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The BOCES also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The BOCES paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year.

The BOCES' share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the BOCES' year ended June 30, 2023:

Contributions	ERS		TRS
2023	\$	3,440,716	\$ 4,022,415

D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2023, the BOCES reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset /(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2023 for ERS and June 30, 2022 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The BOCES' proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the BOCES' long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the BOCES.

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>rrs</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June (30, 2022
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$ (20,615,170)	\$ (3	3,618,801)
District's portion of the Plan's total			
net pension asset/(liability)	0.096135%	0	.188588%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the BOCES recognized pension expenses of \$7,240,102 for ERS and \$4,462,099 for TRS. At June 30, 2023 the BOCES' reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources				Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	'	ERS		<u>TRS</u>		ERS		TRS
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	2,195,677	\$	3,792,045	\$	578,952	\$	72,514
Changes of assumptions		10,012,056		7,019,861		110,652		1,457,755
Net difference between projected and								
actual earnings on pension plan								
investments		-		4,675,834		121,113		-
Changes in proportion and differences								
between the District's contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions		841,372		452,820		833,986		451,796
Subtotal	\$	13,049,105	\$	15,940,560	\$	1,644,703	\$	1,982,065
BOCES' contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		1,189,283		3,541,538		-		-
Grand Total	\$	14,238,388	\$	19,482,098	\$	1,644,703	\$	1,982,065

(XII.) (Continued)

BOCES contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ERS	TRS
2023	\$ -	\$ 2,627,754
2024	2,660,449	1,382,700
2025	(1,145,267)	(600,961)
2026	4,185,024	9,234,644
2027	5,704,196	1,249,975
Thereafter	 <u> </u>	64,383
Total	\$ 11,404,402	\$ 13,958,495

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	ERS	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2022	June 30, 2021
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.40%	5.18%-1.95%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015- June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.90%	2.40%
COLA's	1.50%	1.30%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2021.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2023 are summarized as follows:

Long Term	Expected Rate	of Return

Eong Term Exp	ceteu itate oi itetui ii	
	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022
Asset Type -		
Domestic equity	3.30%	6.50%
International equity	5.85%	7.20%
Global equity	0.00%	6.90%
Private equity	6.50%	9.90%
Real estate	5.00%	6.20%
Opportunistic portfolios	4.10%	0.00%
Real assets	5.58%	0.00%
Bonds and mortgages	0.00%	0.00%
Cash	-1.00%	-0.30%
Private debt	0.00%	5.30%
Real estate debt	0.00%	2.40%
High-yield fixed income securities	0.00%	3.30%
Domestic fixed income securities	0.00%	1.10%
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	0.60%
Short-term	0.00%	0.00%
Credit	3.78%	0.00%

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.90% for ERS and 2.40% for TRS.

F. <u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the BOCES's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the BOCES's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (4.90% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current assumption:

ERS Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	1% Decrease (4.90%)	Current Assumption (5.90%)	1% Increase (6.90%)
asset (liability)	\$ (49,818,024)	\$ (20,615,170)	\$ 3,787,212
<u>TRS</u>	1% Decrease (5.95%)	Current Assumption (6.95%)	1% Increase (7.95%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (33,367,038)	\$ (3,618,801)	\$ 21,399,272

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thou	usands)
	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 232,627,259	\$ 133,883,474
Plan net position	211,183,223	131,964,582
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (21,444,036)	\$ (1,918,892)
Ratio of plan net position to the		
employers' total pension asset/(liability)	90.78%	98.60%

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$1,189,283.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2023 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$4,022,415.

XIII. Postemployment Benefits

A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The BOCES' defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the BOCES. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the BOCES. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the BOCES Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The BOCES provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the BOCES offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At April 1, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total	2,453
Active Employees	1,240
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1,213

B. <u>Total OPEB Liability</u>

The BOCES' total OPEB liability of \$150,204,318 was measured as of March 31, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.53%

Salary Increases 3.53% average including inflation

Discount Rate 3.78%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 5.50% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate

of 4.00% after 2075

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs 100% of future retirees eligible for an employer

subsidy. 20% of future retirees required to

pay 100% of premiums

The discount rate was based on Fidelity Municipal Go AA 20 year bond rate as of the measurement date (or the nearest business day thereto).

Mortality rates were based on the Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 223,004,745
Changes for the Year -	
Service cost	\$ 5,485,637
Interest	6,277,396
Differences between expected and actual experience	(54,361,685)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(23,527,509)
Benefit payments	 (6,674,266)
Net Changes	\$ (72,800,427)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 150,204,318

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.83 percent in 2022 to 3.78 percent in 2023 as well as updated premiums information and healthcare cost trend rate changes.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the BOCES, as well as what the BOCES' total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.78 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.78 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
	(2.78%)	<u>(3.78%)</u>	<u>(4.78%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 172,591,672	\$ 150,204,318	\$ 132,067,983

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – Healthcare costs can be subject to considerable volatility over time. The following exhibit demonstrates the effect on liabilities of a 1% change in healthcare cost trend rates.

		Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(3.00%	(4.00%	(5.00%
	Increasing	Increasing	Increasing
	to 4.50%)	to 5.50%)	to 6.50%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 130,228,726	\$ 150,204,318	\$ 175,279,055

D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related</u> to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the BOCES recognized OPEB expense of \$6,496,899. At June 30, 2023, the BOCES reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

(XIII.) (Continued)

	 rred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$ 15,169,833	\$	46,367,320		
Changes of assumptions	478,411		32,421,033		
Contributions after measurement date	1,668,567		-		
Total	\$ 17,316,811	\$	78,788,353		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2024	\$ (9,838,032)
2025	(11,049,176)
2026	(10,746,840)
2027	(10,888,332)
2028	(11,454,293)
Thereafter	 (9,163,436)
Total	\$ (63,140,109)

XIV. Risk Management

A. General Information

The BOCES is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

B. Health Plan

The BOCES incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Health Plan (Plan I and Plan II) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, First Supervisory District of Monroe County and its component districts.

1. Plan I

The Plans objectives are to formulate, develop and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component district of the Monroe #1 and Monroe #2 BOCES with the unanimous approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plans year as may be established by the Board of Directors. Notice of Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than thirty days prior to the end of the Plan year. Plan members bear an equal proportionate share of the Plan's assets and claim liabilities. Pursuant to the Municipal Cooperative Agreement the Plan is a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments are charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. If surplus funds exist at the end of any fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors. This Plan's members include seventeen districts and two BOCES with the BOCES bearing an equal proportionate share of the Plan's assets and claim liabilities.

This Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance policies to limit its exposure for claims paid within any one fiscal year.

This Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the BOCES incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$370,897.

This Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended December 31, 2022, revealed that the Plan was fully funded.

2. Plan II

The BOCES incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Health Plan II sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational services, First Supervisory District of Monroe County (Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES). The Plan was established as a Municipal Cooperative Agreement under the authorization of Article 5-G of the General Municipal Law in 2004. The plan received a Certificate of Authority to operate as a self-funded plan under Article 47 of the New York State Insurance Law, effective January 1, 2018.

Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component school district of the Monroe 1 BOCES and Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES within the geographical boundaries of Monroe County, New York provided that the applicant provides proof of its financial responsibility that is satisfactory to the Board of Directors in its sole discretion, and the applicant is the same type of municipal corporation as the initial Participants. The Plan has full participation from all eligible participants including the two BOCES and seventeen component school districts.

A participant has the right to withdraw from the Plan, but such withdrawal shall be effective only on January 1 of the next Plan Year following the Plan Year in which the participant provides notice. Any withdrawing participant shall be responsible for its pro rata share of any Plan deficit, and shall satisfy any other obligation relating to the Participant's membership in the Plan. The withdrawing participant shall not be entitled to share in any Plan surplus.

The Plan is a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. The annual premium equivalent for each coverage option under the Plan is established and approved by a majority of the entire Board of Directors. Each participant is required to contribute to the Plan an amount equal to the Premium Equivalent applicable to the coverage options, under which the participants Enrollees are covered. If surplus funds exist at the end of any fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. Such claims estimates are based on the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported.

(XIV.) (Continued)

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended December 31. 2022, revealed that the Plan was fully funded.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the BOCES incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$17,740,183.

C. Workers' Compensation

The BOCES incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Workers' Compensation Plan (Plan) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, First Supervisory District of Monroe County and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to furnish workers' compensation benefits to participating districts at a significant cost savings. Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component district of the Monroe #1 and Monroe #2 BOCES with the approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plan year as may be established by the Board of Director. Notice of Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than one year prior to the end of the Plan year.

Plan membership is currently comprised of seventeen districts and two BOCES. If a surplus of participants' assessments exists after the close of a Plan year, the Board may retain from such surplus an amount sufficient to establish and maintain a claim contingency fund. Surplus funds in excess of the amount transferred to or included in such contingency fund shall be applied in reduction of the next annual assessment or to the billing of Plan participants. All monies paid to the Treasurer by participants shall be commingled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments are charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. However, if it appears to the Board of Directors that the liabilities of the Plan will exceed its cash assets, after taking into account any "excess insurance", the Board shall determine the amount needed to meet such deficiency and shall assess such amount against all participants pro-rata per enrollee.

The Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance policies to limit its exposure for claims paid.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the BOCES incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$769,398.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended June 30, 2022, revealed that the Plan was underfunded.

D. <u>Dental Coverage</u>

The BOCES self-insures for dental coverage for its employees. The BOCES uses a third party administrator who is responsible for processing claims and estimating liabilities. The BOCES does not carry excess insurance coverage relative to this Plan. The BOCES records expenditures as claims are presented for payment in accordance with the BC/BS schedule of allowances. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

A reconciliation of the claims recorded for 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	<u>2023</u>		<u> 2022</u>
Beginning liabilities	\$ 121,298	\$	146,946
Premiums collected	1,232,791		1,229,950
Claims payments	 (1,204,560)	(1,255,598)
Ending liabilities	\$ 149,529	\$	121,298

E. Unemployment

BOCES employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The BOCES has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The BOCES has established a self-insurance fund to pay these claims. The claim and judgement expenditures of this program for the 2022-23 fiscal year totaled \$44,180 The balance of the fund at June 30, 2023 was \$431,729 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2023, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

XV. Commitments and Contingencies

A. <u>Litigation</u>

The BOCES is a defendant in a lawsuit, however, no amount for loss can be reasonably estimated as of the report date.

B. Grants

The BOCES has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the BOCES' administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

XVI. Related Parties-Foundation

The BOCES is currently renting buildings from Monroe #1 BOCES Education Foundation under long-term operating lease agreements. The original lease was for 10 years with an option to renew for an additional 10 years. The lease began on July 1, 2005 and was renewed in June 2015. The rent for all locations was \$1,179,380 as of June 30, 2023

(XVI.) (Continued)

Lease payments for the Foundation consist of the following:

	Monthly Annual			
		Rent		Rent
11 Linden Park	\$	10,456	\$	125,466
15 Linden Park		10,456		125,466
25 O'Connor Road		46,004		552,050
38-40 O'Connor Road		31,366		376,398
Total	\$	98,282	\$	1,179,380

Required Supplementary Information

BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES

FIRST SUPERVISORY DISTRICT OF MONROE COUNTY

Schedule of Changes in BOCES' Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio

For Year Ended June 30, 2023

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

				 TED LIADILIT	_				
		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Service cost	\$	5,485,637	\$ 6,059,049	\$ 6,250,452	\$	5,757,606	\$ 5,734,983	\$ 5,724,372	\$ 5,363,425
Interest		6,277,396	5,006,887	4,999,974		6,185,549	7,442,824	7,309,804	5,960,533
Changes in benefit terms		-	-	-		-	-	(731,295)	-
Differences between expected									
and actual experiences		(54,361,685)	16,814,078	10,083,044		(16,374,266)	(32,737,553)	1,997,692	20,065,679
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(23,527,509)	(19,383,946)	4,066,483		30,898,729	(2,007,269)	4,865,004	(12,425,188)
Benefit payments		(6,674,266)	 (6,252,694)	 (5,161,067)		(4,815,548)	 (5,367,025)	 (4,888,495)	 (4,410,972)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	(72,800,427)	\$ 2,243,374	\$ 20,238,886	\$	21,652,070	\$ (26,934,040)	\$ 14,277,082	\$ 14,553,477
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$	223,004,745	\$ 220,761,371	\$ 200,522,485	\$	178,870,415	\$ 205,804,455	\$ 191,527,373	\$ 176,973,896
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	150,204,318	\$ 223,004,745	\$ 220,761,371	\$	200,522,485	\$ 178,870,415	\$ 205,804,455	\$ 191,527,373
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	59,912,446	\$ 63,228,423	\$ 61,125,688	\$	53,551,682	\$ 51,881,110	\$ 50,218,866	\$ 50,218,866
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Cove	ered								
Employee Payroll		250.71%	352.70%	361.16%		374.45%	344.77%	409.82%	381.39%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information

BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES

FIRST SUPERVISORY DISTRICT OF MONROE COUNTY

Schedule of the BOCES' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability For Year Ended June 30, 2023

NYSERS Pension Plan

			NIS	EKS Pension Plan	1				
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.096135%	0.092042%	0.102747%	0.106483%	0.110820%	0.107909%	0.106898%	0.105707%	0.105218%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 20,615,170	\$ (7,524,042)	\$ 102,309	\$ 28,197,203	\$ 7,851,901	\$ 3,482,713	\$ 10,044,416	\$ 16,966,323	\$ 3,554,532
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 30,917,488	\$ 29,520,323	\$ 32,586,802	\$ 32,807,317	\$ 33,513,627	\$ 32,216,821	\$ 31,504,718	\$ 30,222,033	\$ 28,521,095
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	66.678%	-25.488%	0.314%	85.948%	23.429%	10.810%	31.882%	56.139%	12.463%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.78%	103.65%	99.95%	86.40%	96.30%	98.20%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%
			NYS	TRS Pension Plan	<u> </u>				
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.188588%	0.190231%	0.204360%	0.197860%	0.192800%	0.191966%	0.188130%	0.180201%	0.182234%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 3,618,801	\$ (32,965,289)	\$ 5,647,009	\$ (5,140,413)	\$ (3,486,337)	\$ (1,459,133)	\$ 2,014,952	\$ (18,717,121)	\$ (20,299,770)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 34,417,279	\$ 33,399,906	\$ 33,222,431	\$ 31,683,106	\$ 29,933,726	\$ 30,412,082	\$ 29,017,154	\$ 26,964,590	\$ 29,901,587
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	10.514%	-98.699%	16.998%	-16.224%	-11.647%	-4.798%	6.944%	-69.414%	-67.889%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	98.60%	113.25%	9775.00%	-102.20%	-101.50%	-100.70%	9901.00%	-110.50%	-111.50%
rJ	20.0070	110.2070	2.7.2.0070	102.2070	101.0070	100.7070	220210070	110.0070	111.0070

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information

BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES FIRST SUPERVISORY DISTRICT OF MONROE COUNTY

Schedule of BOCES Contributions

For Year Ended June 30, 2023

NYSERS Pension Plan											
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 3,440,716	\$ 4,590,507	\$ 4,907,005	\$ 4,858,374	\$ 4,481,452	\$ 4,519,802	\$ 4,283,885	\$ 4,799,041	\$ 5,439,196	\$	5,507,130
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(3,440,716)	(4,590,507)	(4,907,005)	(4,858,374)	(4,481,452)	(4,519,802)	(4,283,885)	(4,799,041)	(5,439,196)		(5,507,130)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 30,917,488	\$ 29,520,323	\$ 27,006,735	\$ 30,676,560	\$ 30,696,496	\$ 30,206,262	\$ 31,922,033	\$ 30,222,033	\$ 28,521,095	\$	28,036,024
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.13%	15.55%	18.17%	15.84%	14.60%	14.96%	13.42%	15.88%	19.07%		19.64%
				NYSTRS	Pension Plan						
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 4,022,415	\$ 3,728,905	\$ 3,553,542	\$ 3,729,135	\$ 3,423,404	\$ 3,078,086	\$ 3,565,259	\$ 4,457,158	\$ 5,120,889	\$	3,631,517
Contributions in relation to the contractually required											
contribution	(4,022,415)	(3,728,905)	(3,553,542)	(3,729,135)	(3,423,404)	(3,078,086)	(3,565,259)	(4,457,158)	(5,120,889)		(3,631,517)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 34,417,279	\$ 33,408,888	\$ 31,449,699	\$ 33,222,431	\$ 31,683,106	\$ 29,933,726	\$ 30,412,082	\$ 29,017,154	\$ 26,964,590	\$	27,570,613
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.69%	11.16%	11.30%	11.22%	10.81%	10.28%	11.72%	15.36%	18.99%		13.17%

Required Supplementary Information BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES FIRST SUPERVISORY DISTRICT OF MONROE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For Year Ended June 30, 2023

<u>REVENUES</u>	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Current Year's Revenues	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Administration 001-002	\$ 19,464,587	\$ 17,542,694	\$ 18,330,166	\$ 787,472		
Career and Tech Education 100-199	9,756,952	9,832,907	9,757,046	(75,861)		
Instruction for Handicapped 200-299	65,212,841	61,188,987	61,198,208	9,221		
Itinerant 300-399	25,323,147	26,459,690	26,469,984	10,294		
General Instruction 400-499	2,253,200	2,978,118	3,015,571	37,453		
Instructional Support 500-599	17,996,581	22,196,553	21,002,903	(1,193,650)		
Other Services 600-699	33,187,746	47,847,488	45,457,703	(2,389,785)		
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 173,195,054	\$ 188,046,437	\$ 185,231,581	\$ (2,814,856)		

Required Supplementary Information BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES FIRST SUPERVISORY DISTRICT OF MONROE COUNTY

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund For Year Ended June 30, 2023

<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	Original Budget	Revised Budget	Current Year's Expenditures	Encumbrances	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Administration 001-002	\$ 19,464,587	\$ 17,542,694	16,920,596	\$ 91,235	\$ 530,863	
Career and Tech Education 100-199	9,756,952	9,832,907	9,575,648	57,277	199,982	
Instruction for Handicapped 200-299	65,212,841	61,188,987	59,421,319	164,914	1,602,754	
Itinerant 300-399	25,323,147	26,459,690	25,811,261	39,579	608,850	
General Instruction 400-499	2,253,200	2,978,118	2,706,348	1,255	270,515	
Instructional Support 500-599	17,996,581	22,196,553	21,748,126	136,372	312,055	
Other Services 600-699	33,187,746	47,847,488	43,764,723	859,497	3,223,268	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 173,195,054	\$ 188,046,437	\$ 179,948,021	\$ 1,350,129	\$ 6,748,287	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u>	\$ 5,283,560			

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES FIRST SUPERVISORY DISTRICT OF MONROE COUNTY

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		Special Rev	Total					
	Special			School		Nonmajor		
		Aid		Lunch	Governmental <u>Funds</u>			
ASSETS		Fund		Fund				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	508,497	\$	33,605	\$	542,102		
Receivables		954,265		72,428		1,026,693		
Inventories		-		45,521		45,521		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,462,762	\$	151,554	\$	1,614,316		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
<u>Liabilities</u> -								
Accounts payable	\$	11,223	\$	13,611	\$	24,834		
Accrued liabilities		139		3,102		3,241		
Due to other funds		1,531,466		38,645	\$	1,570,111		
Unearned revenues		137,696				137,696		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,680,524	\$	55,358	\$	1,735,882		
Fund Balances -								
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	34,828	\$	34,828		
Assigned		-		61,368		61,368		
Unassigned		(217,762)				(217,762)		
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	(217,762)	\$	96,196	\$	(121,566)		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	1,462,762	\$	151,554	\$	1,614,316		

BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES FIRST SUPERVISORY DISTRICT OF MONROE COUNTY

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Special Rev	Total			
		Special		School	ľ	Nonmajor
	Aid		Lunch		Governmental	
		Fund		Fund	Funds	
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	57,163	\$	-	\$	57,163
Charges to components		2,186,920		-		2,186,920
Charges to non-components						
and other BOCES		2,168,021		-		2,168,021
Miscellaneous		64,470		4,160		68,630
Interfund revenues		-		184,437		184,437
Sales (school lunch)		-		44,399		44,399
State sources		3,429,614		9,031		3,438,645
Federal sources		346,293		454,689		800,982
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	8,252,481	\$	696,716	\$	8,949,197
EXPENDITURES						
Career and tech education	\$	387,008	\$	-	\$	387,008
Instruction for the handicapped		6,443,238		-		6,443,238
Instructional support		441,637		-		441,637
Other services		676,659		-		676,659
Cost of sales		_		183,750		183,750
Other expenses		_		512,281		512,281
Debt service principal		246,299		-		246,299
Debt service interest		15,335		-		15,335
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	8,210,176	\$	696,031	\$	8,906,207
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	42,305	\$	685	\$	42,990
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING						
OF YEAR		(260,067)		95,511		(164,556)
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	(217,762)	\$	96,196	\$	(121,566)

BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES FIRST SUPERVISORY DISTRICT OF MONROE COUNTY

Analysis of Account A431 - School Districts For Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023		
July 1, 2022 - DEBIT (CREDIT) BALANCE	\$	5,332,768	
DEBITS:			
Billings to school districts	\$	186,038,158	
Refund of balances made to school districts		7,455,805	
Encumbrances - June 30, 2023		1,350,129	
Total Debits	\$	194,844,092	
TOTAL	\$	200,176,860	
CREDITS:			
Collections from school districts	\$	181,546,941	
Adjustment - credits to school districts -			
revenues in excess of expenditures		5,283,560	
Nonspendable - deferred expenditures		22,798	
Change in deferred inflows		3,206,218	
Other Adjustments - miscellaneous		228	
Encumbrances - June 30, 2022		1,014,213	
Total Credits	\$	191,073,958	
June 30, 2023 - DEBIT (CREDIT) BALANCE		9,102,902	

BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES FIRST SUPERVISORY DISTRICT OF MONROE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING RESOURCES For Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Expenditures				Methods of	Financing	_	
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended		Local			Fund
Project Title	Appropriation	Appropriation	Years	<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	Balance	Obligations	Sources	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Total</u>	Balance
Foreman Center-Renovations	\$ 9,514,080	\$ 9,325,864	\$ 6,082,478	\$ 3,243,386	\$ 9,325,864	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,514,080	\$ (188,216)	\$ 9,325,864	\$ -
VOC Building-Renovations	2,273,056	2,071,169	2,034,744	36,425	2,071,169	-	-	2,273,056	(201,887)	2,071,169	-
ALT HS-Renovations	2,240,336	1,982,074	1,743,934	238,140	1,982,074	-	-	2,240,336	(258,262)	1,982,074	-
Phase II-Alt. HS	-	2,978,441	362,289	1,509,616	1,871,905	1,106,536	-	2,978,441	-	2,978,441	1,106,536
Phase II-Foreman 123	-	9,321,559	812,963	5,487,382	6,300,345	3,021,214	-	9,321,559	-	9,321,559	3,021,214
Unassigned capital project	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,601,894	667,780	3,269,674	3,269,674
Leases	-	-	-	1,251,104	1,251,104	(1,251,104)	1,251,104	-	-	1,251,104	-
Installment purchase debt				8,574,348	8,574,348	(8,574,348)	8,574,348			8,574,348	
TOTAL	\$ 14,027,472	\$ 25,679,107	\$ 11,036,408	\$ 20,340,401	\$ 31,376,809	\$ (5,697,702)	\$ 9,825,452	\$ 28,929,366	\$ 19,415	\$ 38,774,233	\$ 7,397,424

BOARD OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES FIRST SUPERVISORY DISTRICT OF MONROE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Assistance	Pass-Through		
Grantor / Pass - Through Agency	Listing	Agency		Total
Federal Award Cluster / Program	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	Exp	<u>oenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Education: Passed Through NYS Education Department - VATEA - Basic Grant Total U.S. Department of Education	84.048	8000-23-0047	\$ \$	329,844 329,844
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE: Passed Through NYS Education Department (Child)	Nutrition Serv	<u>ices) -</u>		
<u>Child Nutrition Cluster -</u> National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash	10.555	005503	\$	262,047
Assistance (Commodities) Supply Chain Assistance-COVID-19 National School Breakfast Program	10.555 10.555 10.553	005503 005503 005503		26,149 24,665 139,944
Total Child Nutrition Cluster CN Equipment Assistance Grants Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.579 10.649	0005-22-0015 005503	\$	452,805 16,449 1,884
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL	AWARDS		\$	471,138 800,982



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board Members Board of Cooperative Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Board of Cooperative Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County, New York as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the BOCES' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered BOCES' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the BOCES' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the BOCES' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Board of Cooperative Educational Services First Supervisory District of Monroe County, New York's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the BOCES' internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the BOCES' internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Bar & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York September 26, 2023